

THE EFFECTS OF FAMILY STANDARD AND HOUSEWIFE DOMICILE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH GUIDANCE

Sumarjo

Faculty of Sport Science
Yogyakarta State University

Abstract

The existence of housewife is a main factor in the process of family health education. Therefore, the study was conducted to investigate the role of housewives in terms of the standard, whether large or small, of the family and the domicile in environmental health guidance. This study is an observational study by survey. The location is in Kulon Progo Regency, Yogyakarta Special Province.

The data collection technique was done by using a structured questionnaire. The test of validity and reliability of the questionnaire items was done by a t-test converted by Moment Product Correlation and Kuder Richardson 20 Technique. The research subjects are housewives who are still married and having children aged 5 to 20 years (one of her children is still in school) taken for 200 people. The process of data analysis was done by using the Analysis of Variance One-Line with the credibility level (alpha) 0.05.

The results show that the housewife role in guiding environmental health on family size and the domicile have no difference.

Keywords: Environmental Health, Family Standard, Domicile