

LEXICAL RELATIONS

A horizontal bar spanning the width of the slide, divided into five colored segments: dark blue, light blue, green, orange, and dark blue.

TWO APPROACHES

- ▣ SEMANTIC FIELD THEORY
- ▣ TRUTH CONDITIONAL SEMANTICS

I. SEMANTICS FIELD THEORY

- 1. Lexical Field..... **componential analysis**
-----**the determination of such features** ,
like [human], [male/female], [adult/child].
- 2. Kindship
 - a. Relations existing from
birth...**consanguineal relations**.
 - b. Relationships that are established through
marriage ... **affinities**... suffix *in-law*.

2. TRUTH CONDITIONAL SEMANTICS

- ▣ Hyponymy
- ▣ Synonymy
- ▣ Antonymy
- ▣ Binary and Non-binary Antonyms

a. Hyponymy

- ▣ 1a Rover is a collie.
- ▣ 1b Rover is a dog.
- ▣ 2a There are tulips in the vase.
- ▣ 2b There are flowers in the vase.

Terms:

-If '1a' is true , '1b' is true,etc.... **Entailment.**

-**Hyponyms....Superordinate/Hyperonyms**

-**Co-hyponyms**

b. Synonymy

- ▣ 6a Jack is a seaman.
- ▣ 6b Jack is a sailor.
- ▣ This is our basis for establishing that *seaman* and *sailor* are ***synonyms***: when used in predications with the same referring expression, the predications have the same truth value.
- ▣ Synonyms can be nouns, as in 6a and 6b, or adjectives, adverbs, or verbs.

c. Antonymy

- ▣ I 6a Alvin is watching television now.
- ▣ I 6b Alvin isn't watching television now.

Two sentences that have the same subject and have predicates which are **antonyms are also** mutually contradictory.

Terms '**marked** and **unmarked (global member)**.

Binary and non-Binary Antonyms

d. Binary and Non-Binary Antonyms

- ▣ Binary Antonyms: dead vs alive, male vs female
- ▣ Non-Binary Antonyms: old vs young, wide vs narrow

3.A COMPARISON OF FOUR RELATIONS

- ▣ Synonyms
- ▣ Hyponym and Superordinate
- ▣ Non-Binary Antonyms
- ▣ Binary Antonyms

■ *Synonyms*

(p) Jack is a seaman.

(q) Jack is a sailor.

Hyponym and Superordinate

(p) Rover is a collie,

(q) Rover is a dog.

■ (The symbol \hat{U} indicates double entailment: the truth of [p] entails

■ the truth of [q], and the truth of [q] entails the truth of [p].)

■ *Non-binary antonyms*

(p) Luke is rich.

(q) Luke is poor.

Binary antonyms

(p) The window is open,

(q) The window is closed,

4. CONVERSE ANTONYMS

- ▣ Symmetry
- ▣ Reciprocity

5. EXPRESSIONS OF QUANTITY

- ▣ Quantifiers: all, no, some, many, few