

Diktat Perkuliahan

PRAKTEK INDIVIDUAL MAYOR (PIM) VIOLA III



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**JURUSAN PENDIDIKAN SENI MUSIK
FAKULTAS BAHASA DAN SENI
UNIVERSITAS NEGERI YOGYAKARTA
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KATA PENGANTAR

Mata Kuliah PIM Viola I-VI merupakan mata kuliah wajib tempuh bagi mahasiswa Jurusan Pendidikan Seni Musik FBS UNY. Mata Kuliah ini bertujuan memberi wawasan dan bekal keterampilan kepada mahasiswa sehingga mahasiswa dapat mengetahui sejarah alat musik viola, bagian-bagian instrumen serta perawatannya, mengetahui sikap bermain viola dan menguasai teknik tangan kanan dan kiri, menyetem (tuning) dan memproduksi nada, menguasai scale (tangga nada) Mayor C, D, Es, F, G, A, Bes dalam 3 oktaf berikut variasi legato, menguasai lagu-lagu dari zaman Barok, Klasik, dan Romantik. Perkuliahan disajikan dalam bentuk praktek individual. Evaluasi dilaksanakan pada setiap tatap muka dan akhir semester.

Penyusun

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DAFTAR PUSTAKA

BAB I

TUNING, POSISI DAN VARIASI GESEKAN

- A. Latihan menyetem dengan stemer dan tuning pegs, scale

Major Scales
Viola (C3-C6)

The sheet music consists of seven staves of musical notation for viola, each representing a different major scale. The scales are: C major (no sharps or flats), F major (one flat), B-flat major (two flats), E-flat major (three flats), A-flat major (one sharp), C-sharp major (one sharp), and F-sharp major (two sharps). Each staff begins with a clef (F clef for C major, C clef for the others) and a key signature. The music is written in common time (indicated by a '4'). The notes are primarily eighth notes, with some sixteenth-note patterns. The viola part uses a downward-stem convention.

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BAB II

TANGGA NADA DAN TRISUARA

A. Latihan teknik scale dengan intonasi yang akurat disertai legato 4 & 6

Major Scales
Viola (C3-C6)



The sheet music displays seven staves of musical notation for the viola, arranged vertically. Each staff begins with a different key signature: C major (no sharps or flats), F major (one flat), B-flat major (two flats), E-flat major (three flats), A-flat major (four flats), C-sharp major (one sharp), and F-sharp major (two sharps). All staves end at the same pitch, C6. The music is composed of eighth-note patterns, often featuring slurs and grace notes to demonstrate legato technique.

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BAB III
ETUDE DAN LAGU

A. Etude kayser dimaikan dengan variasi

36

UEBUNGEN
für die
BRATSCHE (VIOLA.)

Nº1. Muss mit folgenden Stricharten abwechselnd gespielt werden.

H. E. Kayser, Op. 48.

Nº1. Allegretto.

ROMANZE.
Nº2. Andantino.

A. O. 84940

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Suzuki Violin School versi viola, 1955, ZEN-ON Music Publishers Co.Ltd.
2. Scale System, 1926, Carl Flesch, Copyright by Carl Fischer, Inc. New York.
3. 36 Elementary and Progressive Etudes, H.E. Kayser, Copyright MCMLV by Carl Fischer, Inc. New York.